

Scientific Paper:

Applied and Environmental Microbiology, Vol. 75, No. 1, 261-264, 2009

## **Oxygen-Mediated Regulation of Biofilm Development is Controlled by the Alternative Sigma Factor $\sigma^B$ in *Staphylococcus epidermidis***

John J. Cotter<sup>1</sup>, James P. O'Gara<sup>2</sup>, Dietrich Mack<sup>3</sup>, and Eoin Casey<sup>1\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup>UCD School of Chemical and Bioprocess Engineering, Centre for Synthesis and Chemical Biology and

<sup>2</sup>UCD School of Biomedical and Biomolecular Science, University College Dublin, Belfield, Dublin 4, Ireland

<sup>3</sup>Medical Microbiology and Infectious Diseases, Institute of Life Science, School of Medicine, Swansea University, Swansea, Wales, United Kingdom

### **Abstract:**

Using a modified rotating-disk reactor to sparge oxygen to *Staphylococcus epidermidis* cultures, we found that oxygen negatively regulates biofilm development by influencing the activity of  $\sigma^B$ . Under anaerobic conditions, increased  $\sigma^B$  activity activates *icaADBC*, which encodes enzymes responsible for polysaccharide intercellular adhesin synthesis, by repressing transcription of the negative regulator *icaR*.